

-continued

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34

What is claimed is:

1. An electrochemical aptamer-based (E-AB) sensor comprising a structure-switching cross-reactive aptamer and an electrode, the structure-switching cross-reactive aptamer being conjugated to the surface of the electrode, the structure-switching cross-reactive aptamer comprising SEQ ID No: 19.

2. The E-AB sensor according to claim 1, the electrode being a gold electrode.

3. The E-AB sensor according to claim 1, the structure-switching cross-reactive aptamer being labeled with a thiol group at 5' end, and methylene blue redox tag at 3'end.

4. The E-AB sensor according to claim 1, further comprising a backfiller selected from 6-mercapto-1-hexanol (MCH), dithiothreitol (DTT), and combination thereof.

5. The E-AB sensor according to claim 1, further comprising a sensor buffer comprising Mg^{2+} and/or Na^+ .

6. The E-AB sensor according to claim 1, the structure-switching cross-reactive aptamer having SEQ ID NO: 18 or 19.

7. A method for detecting one or more synthetic cathinones in a sample comprising contacting the sample with the E-AB sensor according to claim 1, and detecting one or more synthetic cathinones in the sample by measuring a current generated upon binding of synthetic cathinones to the E-AB sensor.

8. The method according to claim 7, the sample being a biological sample or an environmental sample.

9. The method according to claim 7, the sample being a seized sample.

10. The method according to claim 1, the biological sample being selected from blood, plasma, urine, tears, sweat, and saliva.

11. The method according to claim 7, the one or more synthetic cathinones being selected from 3,4-methylenedioxypyrovalerone (MDPV), α -PVP, pyrovalerone, methylone, pentylone, 3,4-methylenedioxy- α -pyrrolidinobutiophenone (MDPBP), mephedrone, 4-methyl- α -pyrrolidinobutiophenone (MPBP), 4'-methyl- α -pyrrolidinohexanophenone (MPHP), naphyrone, methedrone, ethylone, butylone, 4-methylmethcathinone (4-MMC), 4-fluoromethcathinone (4-FMC), 3-FMC, methcathinone, and 4-methyl- α -pyrrolidinobutiophenone (MEPBP).

12. The E-AB sensor according to claim 1, the structure-switching cross-reactive aptamer being modified with a linker.

13. The E-AB sensor according to claim 12, the linker having from 1 to 10 carbons.

14. The E-AB sensor according to claim 13, the linker having 6 or 7 carbons.

15. The E-AB sensor according to claim 1, the structure-switching cross-reactive aptamer being conjugated to the electrode via a functional group.

16. The E-AB sensor according to claim 15, the functional group being selected from thiol, amide, ester, alkenyl, alkynyl, carbonyl, aldehyde, carboxylate, carboxyl, and carbonate ester groups.

17. The E-AB sensor according to claim 1, the electrode being made of gold, silver, or platinum.

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